

authorized and directed to provide such medical services, appliances, and supplies in the facilities of the Public Health Service or otherwise, including appropriate arrangements for procurement thereof. Doctor Robert W. Rasor or Mrs. Rasor shall, further, be entitled to reimbursement, from such appropriations, for any expenses for medical services, appliances, and supplies heretofore or hereafter incurred by either of them (and not provided by the Public Health Service) on account of such injuries or disability, if found necessary and reasonable by the Surgeon General. As used in this Act, the term "medical services, appliances, and supplies" includes, but is not limited to, medical and surgical services, drugs and devices as defined by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, physical therapy and rehabilitation services, hospitalization, private duty nursing (including practical nursing), nursing home care, transportation of Mrs. Rasor between hospitals or between hospital and home by such mode of transportation (including ambulance service) as may be medically indicated, and transportation of physicians and other medical personnel for purposes of examining and treating Mrs. Rasor.

52 Stat. 1040.  
21 USC 301.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Doctor Robert W. Rasor the sum of \$750 for the period prior to July 1, 1963, and thereafter, so long as Mrs. Annette M. Rasor shall live, a monthly payment, to be paid in advance, which the Surgeon General finds reasonably necessary for employing a housekeeper and for other household expenses (except expenses for medical services, appliances, and supplies) attributable to her incapacity and her care at home: *Provided*, That the total of such payments shall not, in any year, exceed \$6,000: *Provided further*, That, if Doctor Rasor predeceases her, such monthly payments shall thereafter be made to Mrs. Rasor or, for her use and benefit, to such other person as the Surgeon General may designate, so long as she is cared for at home. The Secretary of the Treasury shall likewise, upon her death, pay the funeral and burial expenses of Mrs. Rasor in an amount not to exceed \$800 if the Surgeon General finds that her death was causally related to the injuries sustained as a result of the shooting on September 14, 1962.

SEC. 4. The Surgeon General is authorized to delegate any of his functions under this Act to any officer or employee of the Public Health Service.

Approved March 26, 1964.

### Private Law 88-213

March 26, 1964  
[H. R. 8470]

#### AN ACT

For the relief of Warren A. Jeffers and Francis H. Leik.

Warren A.  
Jeffers and  
Francis H. Leik.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Warren A. Jeffers, 256 Eighteenth Avenue South, South Saint Paul, Minnesota, the sum of \$218.45, and to Francis H. Leik, of 5704 Wentworth Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota, the sum of \$255.90. The payment of such sums shall be in full settlement of all claims of the said Warren A. Jeffers and Francis H. Leik against the United States growing out of the accident of March 2, 1963, at Missoula, Montana, in which Federal Aviation Agency Beechcraft N136, piloted by Warren A.

Jeffers and copiloted by Francis H. Leik, was destroyed by fire: *Provided*, That no part of the money appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved March 26, 1964.

# Private Law 88-214

## AN ACT

March 26, 1964  
[H. R. 8930]

For the relief of certain employees of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Jewel Ault Medlock, the sum of \$251.10; to Vernon Joseph Goulette, the sum of \$468.90; to Benjamin C. Jollie, the sum of \$281.60; to Barney Leroy Ramsey, the sum of \$399.10; to William Alfred Sullivan, the sum of \$1,038.70. Such payments shall be in full settlement of all claims against the Government of the United States for the loss of personal effects of the said persons in the fire which destroyed the building of the Bureau of Indian Affairs at Crownpoint, New Mexico, on February 7, 1962.

Jewel A.  
Medlock and  
others.

SEC. 2. No part of each of the amounts appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved March 26, 1964.

# Private Law 88-215

## AN ACT

March 27, 1964  
[S. 1445]

For the relief of Archie L. Dickson, Junior.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That in accordance with the findings of fact of the United States Court of Claims in the case of Archie L. Dickson, Jr. v. The United States, Congressional No. 4-60, decided November 7, 1962, (a) the Secretary of the Air Force is authorized and directed to determine the amount and effective date of the retirement pay to which Archie L. Dickson, Junior, would have been entitled if (1) the Office of the Surgeon General of the Army in reviewing his case in 1945 and 1946 had found that the said Archie L. Dickson, Junior, was, at the time he was relieved from active duty in 1946, permanently incapacitated for active service and that his incapacity for active service was the result of an incident of service as a commissioned officer in the United States Air Force incurred in line of duty not due to his own misconduct and such a finding had been approved by the President or his delegate, and (2) the

Archie L.  
Dickson, Jr.